



Available Efficacy Studies



In Vitro .

- Hair Shaft Elongation Assay
- IGF-1 ELISA
- ROS

In Vivo.

- Eyelash Characteristics
- Scalp Care Study

Tox & Safety

- AMES
- Cellular Viability
- Dermal & Ocular Irritation
- Phototoxicity Assay

- OECD 201 Fresh Water Algae Growth Inhibition
- OECD 301B Ready Biodegradability Assay
- OECD TG 442C Direct Peptide Reactivity Assay
- OECD TG 442D In Vitro Skin Sensitization Report

Hair Shaft Elongation Assay



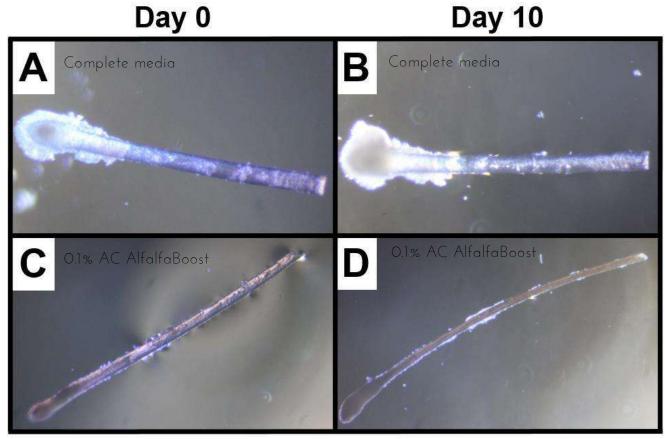
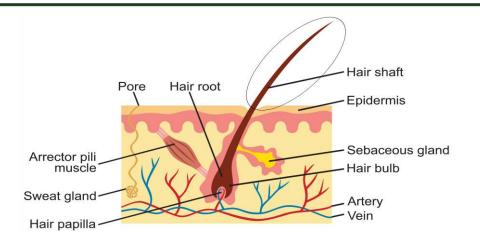


Fig 1. Representative images of plucked hair follicles incubated with complete media (A, B) and 0.1% AC AlfalfaBoost (C, D) on Day 0 (A, C) and Day 10 (B, D).



Hair consists of a visible structure (the hair shaft) and a component underneath the skin surface (the hair follicle). Hair shafts are thin, keratinized epithelial cells comprising of a central medulla, cortex, and cuticle cells that determine hair's aesthetics and mechanical properties.

Hair Shaft Elongation Assay Cont. -



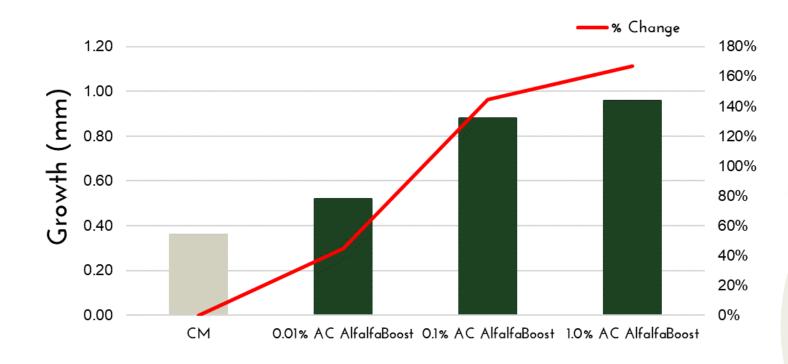


Figure 2. The effect of AC AlfalfaBoost on plucked hair follicle growth after 10 days. Complete media (CM) contains 2 mM L-glutamine, 10 ng/mL Hydrocortisone Hemisuccinate, 10 μ g/mL rh Insulin, 100 Units/mL Penicillin, 100 μ g/mL Streptomycin, and 250 ng/mL Amphotericin B.

Plucked scalp hair was obtained from 5 healthy males. The hairs were isolated with watchmaker's forceps in the anagen phase and were required to have the bulb intact. The plucked hairs cultured for 10 days and were placed into complete media or 0.01%, 0.1%, or 1.0% concentrations of AC AlfalfaBoost

At 0.1%, AC AlfalfaBoost was able to increase hair shaft length of plucked hair follicles *in-vitro* by



Mechanism: IGF-1 ELISA.



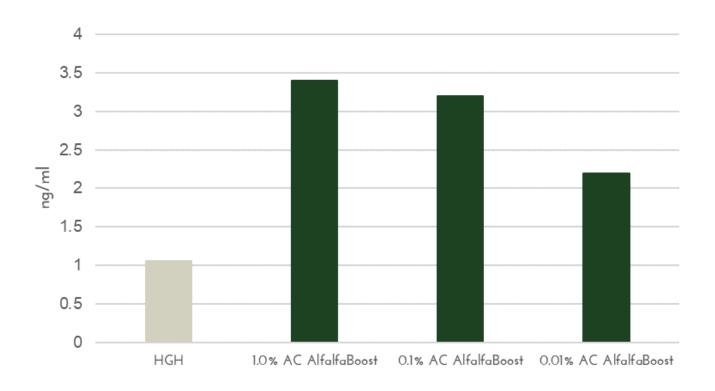
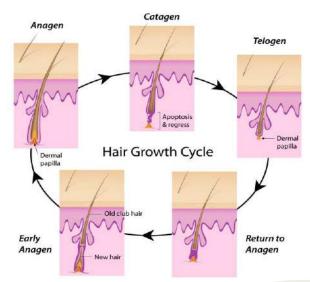


Fig 3. AC AlfalfaBoost – treated dermal papilla cells IGF-1 concentrations and percent change. Human Growth Hormone (HGH) serves as the positive control.



Insulin-Like Growth Factor-1 (IGF-1) is a 70 amino acid polypeptide that plays a large role in mediating the actions of growth hormones.

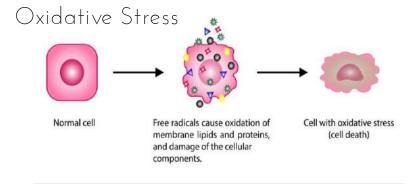
Increasing the concentration of IGF-1 is believed to stimulate the dermal papilla cells and the hair follicle, resulting in follicle elongation.

At 0.1%, AC AlfalfaBoost was able to increase IGF-1 production compared to the positive control by



ROS Assay





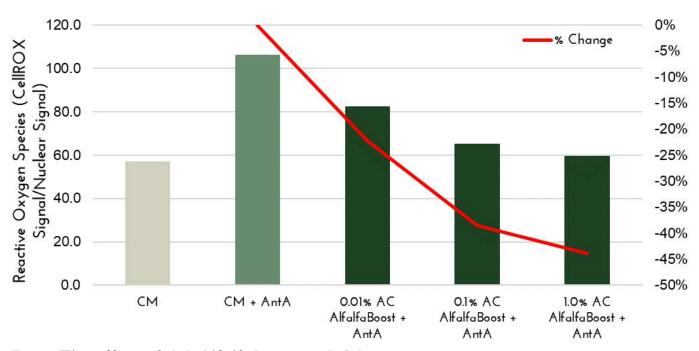


Fig 4. The effect of AC AlfalfaBoost on ROS scavenging.

Just like our skin, our scalp needs antioxidant protection. UV irradiation, pollutants, foreign substances, and aging elicit unrestricted increases in reactive oxygen species (ROS).

Antioxidant benefits would provide scalp cells protection in the blood vessels to promote healthy hair.

At 0.1%, AC AlfalfaBoost, compared to fibroblasts treated with AntA (a known inducer of oxidative stress) was able to decrease ROS levels by



Eyelash Characteristics



Before Treatment/Baseline

8 Weeks, 5.0% AC AlfalfaBoost

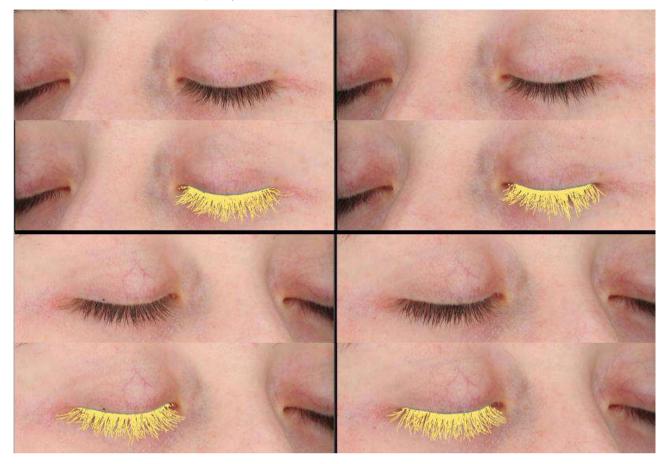


Image 1: Images of Participant Treated with 5.0% AC AlfalfaBoost in Base Serum with and without VISIA Image Enhancement. Left = Initial, Right = 8 weeks.



Eyelashes also have a growth cycle consisting of the same 3 phases of the hair growth cycle: anagen, catagen, and telogen. However, the anagen phase of eyelashes is a lot shorter than hair. The natural eyelash cycle is 8 weeks.



Eyelash Characteristics

Overall Average Length (mm)

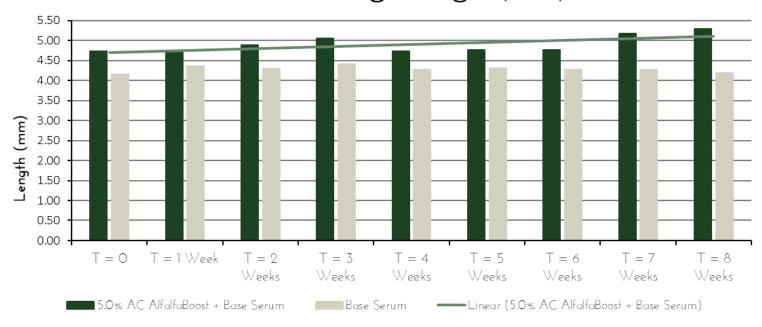


Fig 5. Average Overall Eyelash Length Over Time with Linear Trendline.

instructed to apply a provided eyelash serum to the upper lash-line of both eyes once nightly for an eight-week period. Participants were instructed to not start any new products during the duration of the study. Half used 5.0% AC AlfalfaBoost in a base serum while the other half used the base serum alone as a control.

At 5.0%, AC AlfalfaBoost increased eyelash fullness compared to baseline readings by





Scalp Care Study

Scalp Moisturization Averages

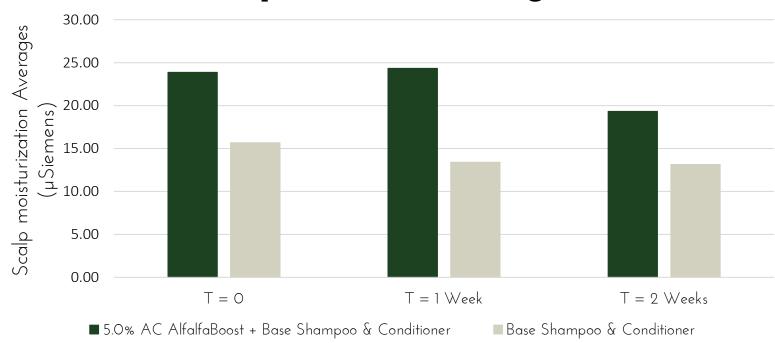


Fig 6. Overall (Front, Middle, Back) Scalp Moisturization Averages at Each Time Point.

An in vivo salon study was conducted to determine the scalp care benefits of 5.0% AC AlfalfaBoost in a shampoo and conditioner vs. the control. The study had 20 M/F panelists with pictures taken of the front, middle, and back of their scalps. A DermaLab Corneometer was used to measure the moisture levels of the scalp and the pigmentation measurement of the DermaLab Combo was performed using a handheld probe.

Scalp Care Study



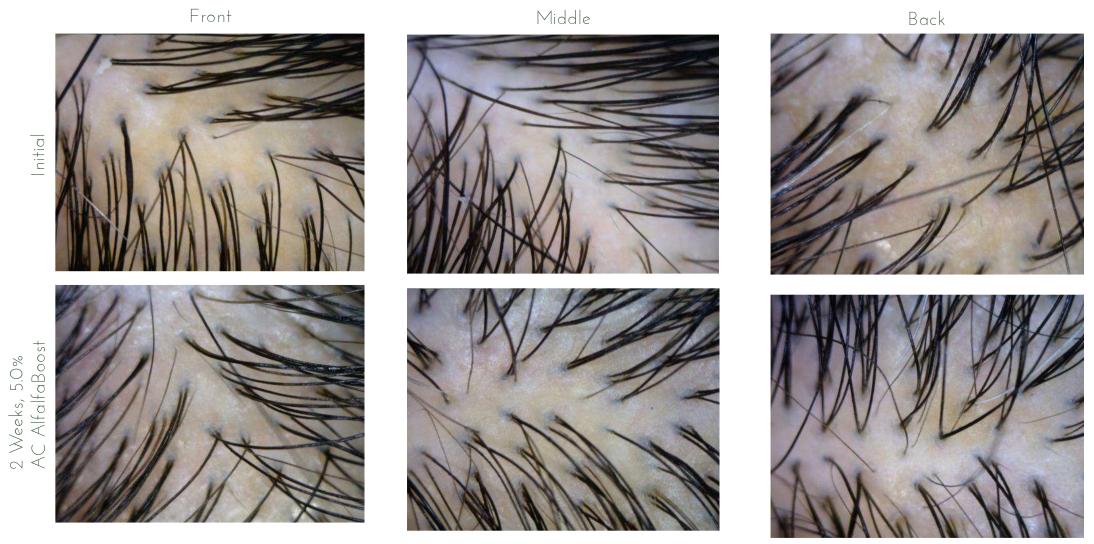


Fig 7. Initial and T=2 Week Images of Participant 4 Using Experimental Product Containing 5.0% AC AlfalfaBoost. Note the redness reduction from the top row pictures to the bottom row pictures.

AC AlfalfaBoost used at 5.0% was able to increase scalp moisturization and reduce scalp erythema compared to the base controls by



Summary



Active Concepts

WHAT.

Topical application of natural sulfur-rich peptides derived from alfalfa stimulates an environment primed for enhanced hair thickness and scalp protection.

WHY.

AC AlfalfaBoost increases the amount of IGF-1, a polypeptide that plays a large role in mediating the actions of growth hormones and has the power to scavenge unnecessary ROS levels.

MADE OF

AC AlfalfaBoost is extracted from alfalfa cell culture and is comprised of sulfur-rich peptides and amino acids.

ACTION

AC AlfalfaBoost is a botanically derived ingredient that encourages hair density, scalp care, and antioxidant protection.



AC AlfalfaBoost -





Code: 20988, 20988CHI*

INCI: Medicago Sativa (Alfalfa) Callus Culture Conditioned Media

Extract & Lactobacillus Ferment Lysate

Appearance: Clear to Slightly Hazy Liquid, Colorless to Pale Amber

Suggested Use Level: 1-10%

Suggested Applications: Hair Growth, Scalp Care, Antioxidant

Standardization: Sulfur: 3.5 - 3.7% | Peptides: present













In Vivo

ISO 16128 NI & NOI Vegan

COSMOS Compliant

Product

*China subcode available

References



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